



RESEARCH ARTICLE :

Study on genetic divergence in boro rice (*Oryza sativa* L.) germplasm

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SUMMARY : Genetic diversity among fifty genotypes of boro Rice from Directorate of Rice Research, India was evaluated using Mahalanobis D^2 statistic. The experimental materials were evaluated during *Rabi* 2013-14, Directorate of Rice Research Farm, ICRISAT Campus, Patancheru, Hyderabad. Situated at 17.53°N latitude, 78.27°E longitude and altitude of 545m above mean sea level. Based on 10 quantitative characters which includes days to 50% Flowering, Plant Height (cm), Number of tillers/ plant, Number of productive tillers/plant, Panicle length(cm), Number of filled grains/panicle, Number of unfilled grains/panicle, Days to maturity, Grain yield/plant(g) and 1000 grain weight(g). These genotypes were grouped into 10 clusters. Out of Ten clusters, cluster I was the largest comprising of 18 genotypes followed by clusters II with 15 genotypes, cluster IV with 10 genotypes, and cluster III, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, X with one genotype each. The clusters III, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, X were represented by single genotype indicating high degree of heterogeneity among the genotypes. Clusters VIII, IX, and X exhibited high values for most of the characters. The intra cluster distance was maximum ($D^2 = 38.68$) in cluster IV. The maximum inter cluster distance ($D^2 = 387.67$) was recorded between clusters VI and VIII. Cluster X recorded highest mean value for grain yield per plant and lowest mean value for panicle length(cm). Days to fifty per cent flowering (41.22%) followed by number of filled grains per panicle (30.61%) contributed maximum to total divergence. Based on the inter cluster distances, a hybridization between the genotypes (IC-70855) of cluster VI and cluster VIII (IC-145639), cluster VIII (IC-145639) and cluster X (IC-86143), cluster III (IC-67935) with cluster V (IC-145633), is suggested to generate promising segregants for grain yield would produce encouraging results.

KEY WORDS :

Cluster analysis,
Genetic divergence,
Hybridization, Rice

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